

## **Chairman Statement**

At Murdoch Children's Research Institute and Victorian Clinical Genetics Services ('VCGS') (collectively 'MCRI'), We recognise the importance of identifying and addressing Modern Slavery risks as We pursue our mission to provide children and families a safe and healthy world to live a fulfilled life.

Modern Slavery covers a range of exploitative practices that impact upon people's freedoms including human trafficking, forced or compulsory labour including any form of child exploitation and abuse.

This statement outlines our approach to identifying and minimising risks of Modern Slavery in our operations now and in the future.

This statement upholds our commitment to combat Modern Slavery and protect the human rights and freedoms of any individuals, including of our personnel and those involved in MCRI's operations and supply chains.

Murdoch Children's Research Institute makes this statement in accordance with section 13 of the Modern Slavery Act 2018 (Cth) and following consultation with its subsidiary, Victorian Clinical Genetics Services Limited. This statement was approved by our Board of Directors on 26th April 2022.

Patrick Houlihan 2022 Chairman and

Honthan

Non-Executive Board Member

Our Purpose

We want all children to have the opportunity to live a healthy and fulfilled life

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# **Our operations**

MCRI has five main themes that our research is grouped into: Genetics, Stem Cell Biology, Infection and Immunity, Clinical Sciences and Population Health. The Research Support and Operations team provide support to the research projects across MCRI and VCGS.

Our main operations are based in The Royal Children's Hospital (RCH) in Victoria, Australia. We also collaborate with organisations and conduct research activities around the world including in: Afghanistan, Austria, Brazil, Denmark, Ethiopia, Fiji, France, The Gambia, India, Indonesia, Italy, Laos, Malawi, Mongolia, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nigeria, Papua New Guinea, Poland, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Tanzania, United Kingdom, United States of America and Vietnam. Personnel from these locations were repatriated to Australia during the statement period due to the COVID pandemic (except for in The Gambia and Denmark).

Our scientists study DNA to

understand the genetic basis

of diseases including ataxia,

thalassemia, mitochondrial

and chromosome disorders.

Genetics



# **Stem Cell Biology**

Stem Cell biology researchers work with stem cells and cutting-edge technology to understand how disease alters healthy cells. They're developing new treatments for children with cancer, congenital diseases and developmental disorders.



# Infection and **Immunity**

Allergies, infections and immune conditions are under the microscope at MCRI with a major focus on developing new vaccines and testing these to ensure they are safe to give to children.

### **Clinical Sciences**

Our researchers are working to improve the diagnosis and treatment practices for sick babies, children and adolescents with acute and chronic illnesses.



# **Population Health**

Our diverse team of researchers study the health of communities and translate this knowledge into prevention, intervention and treatment.

# Research Support and Operations

services to sustain our

#### **Our activities**



### **Neurodevelopment**

Transform our treatment of autism, social impairment and intellectual disability



#### **Heart**

User regenerative medicine to repair damaged heart tissue



#### **Allergy**

Eradicate food allergy



Develop new therapies for kidney disease



#### **Complex Disease**

Use life-long data to predict and prevent complex disease



# **High-risk infant**

Improve long-term outcomes for high-risk infants



#### Infection

Reduce misuse of antibiotics and minimise drug resistance and side effects



#### **Cancer**

Develop new models of care for paediatric cancer



#### **Mental Health**

Prevent and treat mental illness through a whole-ofsystem approach



#### **Adolescent Health**

Improve the health of future generations



## **Aboriginal Health**

Work with Aboriginal communities to improve the lives of their children



#### **Rare Disease**

Improve detection, diagnosis and treatment of rare diseases



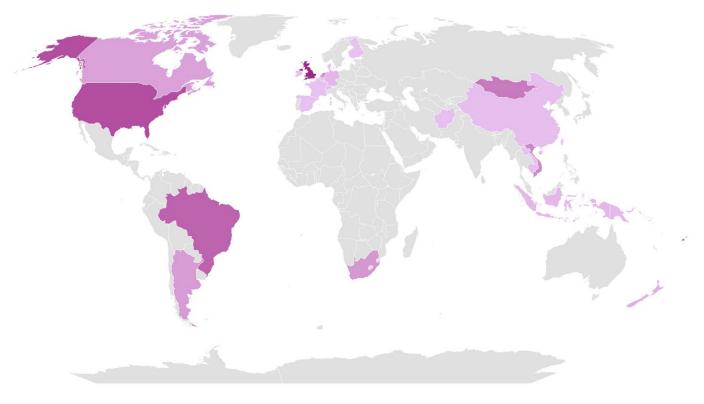


# Our supply chain review

	Category	Examples
Service providers	Utilities and Waste Disposal	water, gas, electricity and waste disposal (including dangerous chemicals and waste)
	Administrative	temporary contract labour supply for administrative roles, legal, communications, hospital repairs and maintenance, advertising, consultants, continuity services, staff training, subscriptions and memberships
	Financial	general banking including credit cards, investment management, insurances, audit, staff default superannuation, external payroll bureau
	Couriers	domestic and specialised international couriers and dry shippers
	Travel and Accommodation	domestic and international transport, accommodation providers
Product suppliers	Laboratory and Pathology	chemicals, diagnostic kits and reagents, gases, glass/ plastic ware, lab equipment
	IT, Telecommunications and Electronics	computer equipment, telephone and mobile phones, equipment with electronic components, software supply and maintenance
	Furniture and Non-Electronic Equipment	office equipment, furniture and fittings, office refurbishments
	Medical and Surgical	instruments, medical consumables, Personal Protective Equipment ('PPE')
	Office Supplies	printing, stationery, postage
	Catering and Food	food, beverage, crockery
Partners	Research Collaborators	universities, medical research institutes, hospitals, health care, government
	Global Health international services	Global Health and international field collaborators and suppliers
	Key Partner: RCH services	Royal Children's Hospital (main landlord) providing purchasing, parking, child care, pathology services
	Key Partner: RCH outsourced service provider	RCH's key service provider who provides key services including cleaning, maintenance, security, facility management



# **Our supply locations outside Australia**



Country	Percent of spend ≥ 0.1%	Walk free score <sup>1</sup>
Afghanistan	0.6%	94
Argentina	4.6%	29
Belgium	0.2%	13
Brazil	11.0%	36
Cambodia	0.6%	64
Canada	3.9%	10
China	0.7%	51
Denmark	0.3%	N/A
Fiji	10.3%	N/A
Finland	0.3%	8
France	0.2%	15
Germany	1.4%	10
Hong Kong	0.4%	25
Indonesia	1.3%	50
Ireland	0.4%	10

Country	Percent of spend	Walk free score <sup>1</sup>
Laos	0.3%	58
Mongolia	8.4%	44
Netherlands	6.1%	6
New Zealand	2.3%	2
Papua New Guinea	1.1%	62
Singapore	0.4%	13
Solomon Islands	1.5%	N/A
South Africa	5.0%	54
Spain	0.3%	13
Switzerland	0.8%	2
Taiwan	0.1%	20
United Kingdom	17.5%	11
USA	13.4%	16
Vietnam	6.6%	41
Vietnam	6.6%	41

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Global Slavery Index 2018 Dataset, Walk Free Foundation, available from: www.globalslaveryindex.org

Indicating the vulnerability of a country in relation to Governance, Nourishment, Inequality, Disenfranchised Groups and Effects of Conflict (scale from 1-100, low is desirable.)



# Modern slavery risk assessment

The risk assessment conducted by our Modern Slavery working group for the Statement period was supported by review of the following (including VCGS data and consultation):

- Hiring practices and controls
- Types of goods and services
- Supplier frequency
- Supplier spend
- Supplier location

The MCRI Modern Slavery working group considered the risks of Modern Slavery associated with the types of goods and services supplied, geographic risks, and sector and industry risks.

In the first tier of our supply chain, MCRI considers that the risk of modern slavery is relatively low. However, We acknowledge that there are areas of our supply chain that may pose higher risks of modern slavery.

We have identified the following categories of our supply chain as posing higher risks of modern slavery when selecting suppliers for further assessment through the supplier questionnaire:

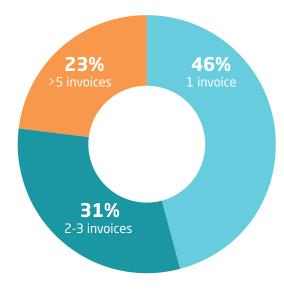
- Medical consumables
- PPE
- Shipping
- Electronics
- Cleaning services (engaged through the Royal Children's Hospital)
- Security services (engaged through the Royal Children's Hospital)

We have also identified the following supply locations as posing higher risks of modern slavery:

- Afghanistan
- Cambodia
- China
- Indonesia
- Laos
- Papua New Guinea

When combined, these supply locations only amount to approximately 4.6% of MCRI's overseas supply spend.

#### Frequency of invoicing per supplier over 5 years







### **Our actions**

MCRI has taken the following actions during the Statement period to identify and manage Modern Slavery risks in our supply chain:

#### Supply chain review

MCRI undertook an initial review of supplier data over a 5 year period. By considering supplier frequency and spend, we gained insights into our supply chain (including the ease of changing suppliers and our ability to influence the supplier relationship) in the context of assessing and managing Modern Slavery risks.

The review identified a wide range of suppliers, some common to both MCRI or VCGS, but many unique to only one. These suppliers included large enterprises, government departments and universities through to small and medium sized businesses, sole traders and consultants. The frequency of engaging these suppliers was analysed. During the initial 5 year review period (excluding activity through RCH), MCRI transacted with almost 3,400 suppliers. Of these, 77% had five or less invoices processed during the period, with those having only one invoice processed representing 46% of the total. Spend with suppliers was also analysed, with the top 14 suppliers accounting for over half of combined expenditure, while 93% of suppliers represented 10% of expenditure and 64% only 1% of expenditure. The vast majority of suppliers are located in countries considered low risk for Modern Slavery.

Analysis of frequency of purchase and spend by MCRI with each supplier provided insight into the risks of modern slavery in our supply chain. It also prompted us to consider the ease with which We can change suppliers if necessary and our ability to influence each supplier relationship.

#### Procurement review

A procurement review indicated an opportunity to improve our existing purchasing system. As a result, We engaged in an overhaul of our procurement function, which involved insourcing of the purchasing functions from RCH to MCRI and implementation of a new purchasing system in 2021.

#### Supplier questionnaire

Following our initial supply chain review through which We identified suppliers that were high risk or high spend, the Modern Slavery working group prepared a supplier questionnaire based on Modern Slavery risks and controls. The supplier questionnaire was sent to 175 high risk or high spend suppliers identified by the initial supply chain review.

The responses received have allowed us to understand the risks in our suppliers' operations and the controls they have put in place to address those risks. This program of work will continue in the year ahead to follow up with suppliers who have not yet submitted questionnaires and explore responses in more detail where required.

#### Policy development

A Modern Slavery policy has been developed and will be published in 2022.

The Whistleblower policy has been updated to better reflect issues around modern slavery concerns.

Template clauses for supplier contracts to address modern slavery have been prepared. New supplier agreements will include the template clauses and MCRI will conduct ongoing supplier contract reviews for existing suppliers.



# Actions taken in respect of Global Health projects

Most of the research and clinical trial activity undertaken by MCRI outside of Australia, primarily in Africa, Asia and the Pacific region, is run by research groups who work in MCRI's Global Health research initiative.

Since 2017 MCRI has been a full. member<sup>1</sup> of the Australian Council for International Development ('ACFID'). ACFID is the peak body for Australian non-government organisations involved in the areas of international development and humanitarian action.

Members work to alleviate poverty, reduce inequality, support environmentally sustainable and inclusive development and on the front lines of humanitarian emergency and disaster relief. ACFID membership is comprises over 130 Australian organisations actively working in the international aid and development sector.

As an ACFID member, MCRI is required to maintain the highest standards in its overseas operations that specifically address risks in relation to: modern slavery; protection of children, the vulnerable and marginalised; human rights; gender equality; disability inclusion; fraud and corruption control (including anti-terrorism).

To reduce the risks outlined above, including risks of modern slavery, our Global Health team have developed questionnaires and checklists that include questions related to Modern Slavery risks and controls. These assessments are undertaken for new overseas collaborators and our Global Health staff have begun completing them with representatives of existing overseas collaborators.

Collaborator assessments include child safety risks, Prevention of Sexual Exploitation, Abuse and Harassment ('PSEAH') risk assessments.

We are assessed against and meet the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade ('DFAT') child protection minimum standards. These include a risk management system for project activities and guidance on child labour risk assessment and control. Assessment of collaborators has also commenced as part of an ongoing program. An assessment of child protection minimum standards has been introduced including child labour and sexual exploitation as part of a child protection risk assessment.

MCRI maintains a standardised hiring process and practices (including screening employees) for domestic and international research. Where staff have joint appointments, We work with international collaborators such as hospitals, universities and international research bodies and these are skilled staff. Our experience in partner selection with reputable organisations that maintain robust hiring practices is built into our sourcing and helps manage Modern Slavery risks. We take all reasonable steps to ensure that local staff working on research projects and trials are paid and treated appropriately.

Our Global Health research assists many people around the world with healthcare that reduces vulnerability.

Source 1: Australian Council for International Development, available: https://acfid.asn.au/ content/membership-types







