

Newmont Australia Modern Slavery Statement 2021

BACKGROUND

In 2018, Newmont published its first global Modern Slavery Statement on our actions to address modern slavery risks across our operations and supply chains. We remain committed to open and transparent reporting on the challenges we face in this area. This statement reflects our commitment to respecting Human Rights and highlights key actions we are taking to address risks in our own operations and our supply chain, including risks associated with modern slavery.

AUSTRALIAN MODERN SLAVERY ACT (2018)

This is the second statement prepared by Newmont under the *Australian Modern Slavery Act* (2018) (the "Act"). The following entities are the reporting entities covered by this joint statement:

- Newmont Australia Pty Ltd (ABN 95 099 040 507);
- Newmont Mining Services Pty Ltd (ABN 22 008 087 778);
- Newmont Boddington Pty Ltd (ABN 32 062 936 547);
- Saddleback Investments Pty Ltd (ABN 96 134 978 224); and
- Newmont Tanami Pty Ltd (ABN 39 007 688 093).

There have been no changes in reporting entities since the finalization of our 2021 Modern Slavery Statement. The table below describes the sections of this joint statement that are relevant to the mandatory reporting criteria required by the Act.

Mandatory reporting criteria from the Act	Section(s) of this statement that satisfy the mandatory reporting criteria	Additional information
<i>Identify the reporting entities</i> <i>covered by the joint statement</i>	Australian Modern Slavery Act (2018) (page 1)	 List of the 'Reporting entities' covered by this joint statement
Describe the structure, operations and supply chains of the reporting entities	Structure, Business and Supply Chain (pages 2 and 3)	 Newmont overview Countries in which we operate List of our assets Our supply chain
Describe the risks of modern slavery practices in the operations and supply chains of the reporting entities (and any	Structure, Business and Supply Chain (pages 2 and 3)	Identification of categories of 'high risk' goods and services

Table 1



entities that the reporting entities own or control)		
Describe the actions taken by the reporting entities (and any entity that the reporting entities own or control) to assess and address those risks, including due diligence and remediation processes	Policies and Governance (page 4) Our Approach (pages 4 and 5) Risk Assessments and Management (page 5) Training (page 6)	 Description of our Code of Conduct and other internal policies and standards Undertaking of internal and external audits Overview of our Supplier Risk Management program Availability of our Integrity Help Line Human rights training
Describe how the reporting entities assesses the effectiveness of actions being taken to reduce the risk of modern slavery practices occurring	Tracking Effectiveness (page 6) Lessons Learned (page 7)	 Ongoing engagement and collaboration with suppliers Undertaking of audits Tracking performance through complaints and grievance mechanisms Reflecting on lessons learned
Describe the process of consultation with the reporting entities covered by the joint statement (and any other entities that the reporting entities own or control)	Collaboration and Learning From Others (page 7)	• Consultation and collaboration with our peers to further enhance systems and controls
Any other relevant information	Future Activities (page 7)	 Overview of future activities (including roll out of further training/audit program and review of our pre- qualification/complaints and grievance processes)

STRUCTURE, BUSINESS AND SUPPLY CHAIN

Newmont is the world's leading gold company and a producer of copper, silver, zinc and lead. As of December 31, 2021, we had approximately 14,400 employees and 16,600 contractors with significant operations in North America, South America, Australia and Africa. The countries where we operate vary significantly in terms of potential risks associated with modern slavery but we recognise that modern slavery risks may exist in any jurisdiction. For that reason, our approach to supplier risk management is global.



Newmont in Australia

Newmont owns 100% of the Boddington gold mine in Western Australia and the Tanami gold mine in the Northern Territory. Newmont is also responsible for the management of two legacy mine sites: Woodcutters in the Northern Territory and Mt. Leyshon in Queensland. Newmont Australia's Regional office is located in Subiaco, Perth, Western Australia.

In 2021, Newmont Boddington produced 696,000 ounces of gold and 123,000 gold equivalent ounces of other metals, while Newmont Tanami produced 485,000 ounces of gold. **Table 2** below provides more information on the economic contribution of Newmont Australia. Newmont reports annually on our environment, social and governance performance in our Annual Sustainability Report.

Table 2						
2020 Economic value distributed (in millions, AUD*)						
Employee Wages and	Payments to Government	Total spent on Suppliers	Total spent with Local suppliers	Total spent with National		
Benefits	Government	Suppliers	(%)*	suppliers (%)		
\$376	\$552	\$1736	\$714 (41%)	\$936 (54%)		

* All figures are as presented in Newmont 2021 Annual Sustainability Report, with USD figures converted to AUD on a 1 to 1.25 basis for illustrative purposes only

Our Supply Chain

The mining industry has complex, global supply chains. Newmont's supply chain activities cover the full life cycle of the mine from exploration through to post-closure and include: the procurement of goods (for example equipment and bulk commodities); operational and technical services (for example transportation and logistics); and administrative and support activities. As can be seen from the above information in Table 1, Newmont Australia sources 95% of its goods and services from within Australia.

Each year, Newmont procures goods and services from thousands of suppliers worldwide, including many local suppliers based near our projects and operations.

We believe the following categories of goods and services to be potentially 'high risk' for modern slavery:

- some process maintenance services (including painting and sandblasting);
- specific goods and bulk commodities (including clothing, lime, sand and gravel and cement);
- transport and logistics (including ocean freight and warehouse operations services);
- technical engineering and construction services (including reclamation activities); and
- administrative and support activities (including cleaning, repairs, accommodation and security).



Globally, these categories of goods and services have been associated with labour rights risks including slavery, human trafficking, compulsory, forced or child labor, discrimination, harassment, bullying and workplace violence.

POLICIES AND GOVERNANCE

Newmont does not tolerate any form of slavery, human trafficking, or compulsory, forced or child labour. Our <u>Code of Conduct</u> ("Code") defines the expectations of behavior for Newmont employees and business partners, including suppliers working with us or on our behalf. The Code explicitly refers to the fundamental human rights of the people where we operate and those with whom we work.

Our **Sustainability and Stakeholder Engagement Policy** outlines our commitment to the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights ("Guiding Principles"). This commitment is further elaborated in our **Human Rights Standard**, which reflects the minimum requirements to which all sites must adhere. In line with this standard, human rights clauses are included in our contracts with suppliers. These clauses recognise Newmont's commitment consistent with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which includes labour rights. Our contracts also include requirements for suppliers to report any human rights issues in their supply chain of which they become aware.

Our **People Policy** prohibits engaging in or condoning, any form of child, forced or compulsory labour at any of our sites. We also have a **Supplier Code of Conduct**, which has a clause on human rights and labour issues outlining our zero tolerance for discrimination, harassment, workplace violence, bullying or child and forced labour within our supplier's own or their affiliates' operations or the operations of other companies within their own or their affiliates' supply chains. It also includes requirements about the timely payments of salaries and benefits to employees, subcontractors and sub-suppliers and the need to address complaints or grievances expeditiously.

Our **Stakeholder Relationship Management Standard** includes requirements for all sites to have complaint and grievance mechanisms in line with the Guiding Principles. We have a global cross-functional human rights working group consisting of representatives from legal, business integrity & compliance, supply chain, human resources, health, safety and security, risk and communications. The working group provides oversight and expertise on a range of human rights issues, including modern slavery. We take a cross-functional approach to managing human rights risks in Australia and annually undertake a cross-functional review of modern slavery risks in our local supply chains.

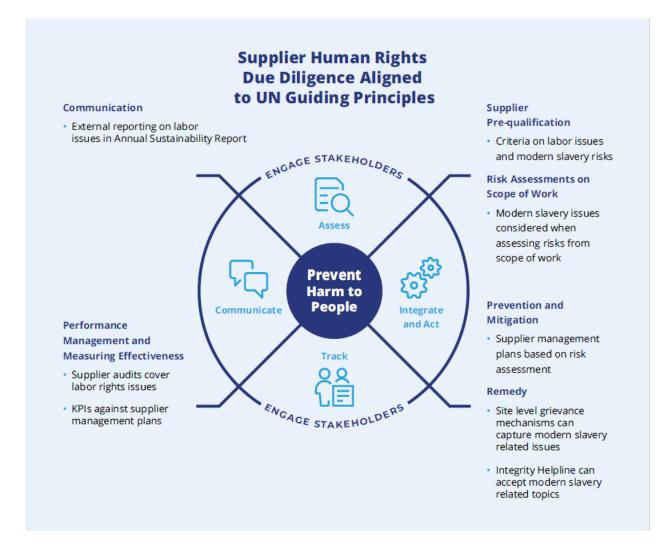
Through contract terms, MOUs, standard operating procedures and supplier trainings, we make our suppliers and business partners aware of our human rights commitments including commitments to the Voluntary Principles on Security and Human Rights, the requirements in our Indigenous Peoples, Cultural Resource Management and Water Management Standards. We reinforce these commitments with Governments, joint venture partners (even where we are not the operator) and minority interests.



OUR APPROACH

Supplier Risk Management Program

The approach we take to human rights due diligence across our operations is based on the Guiding Principles. Our Supplier Risk Management program ("SRM Program") aligns to the Guiding Principles and roll out began in 2018. This program has a number of controls in place that will help mitigate risks across the supplier 'life cycle' as shown below.



RISK ASSESSMENTS AND MANAGEMENT

Identification of country risks

One of the many risk management systems we have put in place is our Geopolitical Risk program, which aligns with our overall risk management approach and incorporates key risk indicators, including human rights indicators, to inform significant investment decisions and risk management strategies. The program includes two tools — the geopolitical risk model that quantifies and qualifies top risks for investments decisions and a geopolitical risk investment report framework.



The framework assesses the top risks identified through cross-functional due diligence, which considers the following modern slavery related human rights: labor issues, personal integrity and security of person, freedom of expression, freedom of association and minority rights. *Integrating human rights into risk assessments*

In addition to the contract terms for suppliers, our Human Rights standard requires sites to integrate human rights into their existing processes. They must identify human rights issues on an ongoing basis through: engagement with external stakeholders, ongoing risk and impact assessments, events; and complaints and grievance mechanisms. Newmont Australia is developing scopes of work for human rights risk assessments as they relate to our operations and projects in Australia.

Remedy

Any concerns, including those around modern slavery, can be raised through our site-level complaints and grievance mechanisms or our Integrity Help Line (online or by phone), which is a confidential channel for workers and external stakeholders.

We require that our suppliers remedy complaints or grievances expeditiously and our Supplier Code of Conduct is provided to suppliers as part of our onboarding process. Where suppliers do not have their own complaints mechanism, they may direct complainants to Newmont's mechanisms or Newmont's Integrity Help Line. We prohibit any form of retaliation against anyone raising a human rights issue or concern and expect those we work with to do the same. We reinforce our antiretaliation provision of the Code of Conduct when employees present questions or complaints of violations of our Code of Conduct. Similarly, we prohibit retaliation against any other stakeholder for raising human rights related complaints and concerns. Our Integrity Help Line supports this by enabling the reporting of anonymous complaints or concerns through a third party.

TRAINING

Our Human Rights standard requires that all sites conduct human rights training. Several versions of an online training program have been rolled out to employees. The training includes details around the International Labour Organisation (ILO) Conventions, scenarios around child labour and the use of forced labour by a supplier and other information on modern slavery risks. Some regions undergo standalone in-person human rights training and others have incorporated it into their existing training programs, for example on the Voluntary Principles on Security and Human Rights. In 2021, the Australian region continued providing online human rights training for suppliers. The training highlights red flags around freedom of association and collective bargaining, including: direct interference with workers attempting to exercise their legal rights, intimidation and discrimination and improper influence. It also includes effective practice, promoting supplier policies to respect workers' rights to freedom of association and collective bargaining and commitments to monitor whether workers are aware of their rights and have no fear of penalty or consequences for engaging in union or other worker organisation activities.



TRACKING EFFECTIVENESS

Since the roll out of our Supplier Risk Management program, the pre-qualification process for suppliers has been effective in identifying potential risks in our supply chain. This has resulted in follow up with a number of suppliers, deemed higher risk from a human rights perspective, to encourage engagement with the online training program or to flag suppliers for human rights audits.

In the Australia Region, a cross-functional team assessed companies' human rights risks, including modern slavery risks, on the basis of responses to pre-qualification surveys. Australian suppliers were then given a risk rating, which determined if further follow up action was required. In the Australian Region in 2021, no suppliers were identified as high risk requiring follow up action. We also track performance through our complaints and grievance mechanisms that capture issues related to suppliers. We have a public target to resolve 100 percent of tier 1 complaints within 30 days.

LESSONS LEARNED

Several lessons relevant to human rights related risks have emerged from the roll out of our Supplier Risk Management program. First, we have realised that human rights risks, including modern slavery, can exist in any jurisdiction that we operate in, regardless of how strong the rule of law or legislative frameworks are in that country. Second, we have learned that we cannot rely solely on an automated system (such as our pre-qualification system) to provide an accurate assessment of risk. While the automated system gives some indication of the risk of certain suppliers – it may flag too many low risk suppliers or not enough high-risk suppliers. We have learned it is necessary to review the automated data with our regional teams who have an awareness of the supplier, their current controls and the type of goods or services they provide. While this takes more time, it provides a more accurate assessment and identification of risk. We continue to face challenges in encouraging uptake of our online supplier training and we have follow-up engagement processes to close out risk management actions with suppliers where required.

COLLABORATION AND LEARNING FROM OTHERS

Recognising the value of collaborating with our peers to learn from others and internalise best practices, we are members of several industry groups and multi-stakeholder initiatives. As members of the International Council on Mining and Metals (ICMM), we participate in discussions on human rights. Through the Business for Social Responsibility's human rights working group we have learned valuable lessons from a variety of other sectors on modern slavery. In Australia, Newmont works closely with the Minerals Council of Australia on human rights issues, including taking up guidance and engagement opportunities in respect of managing risks of or related to Modern Slavery, and meeting the requirements of the Act.

FUTURE ACTIVITIES

Future activities include:



- Rollout of improved pre-qualification questions to ensure this process accurately flags suppliers that present the highest risks from a human rights perspective, including modern slavery risks
- Formation of a formal Human Rights Working Group to provide more governance and management of human rights risks in Australia, including modern slavery risks
- Implementation of Risk Management Plans for suppliers that are identified as high risk as part of our 2021 human rights risk management process in the Australian region
- Ongoing roll out of our human rights training program for suppliers
- Continued remediation of substantiated complaints through our site-level complaints and grievance mechanisms and global Integrity Help Line
- Ongoing identification of opportunities to engage suppliers on human rights issues
- Continue to participate in industry initiatives to support understanding of modern slavery risks and how to action, including through the Minerals Council of Australia.

This statement was approved by the Board of Newmont Australia Pty Ltd on 28 June 2022.

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Andrew Kennedy Director on behalf of Newmont Australia Pty Ltd